

Course Code: ECT205**Course Name: NETWORK THEORY**

Max. Marks: 100

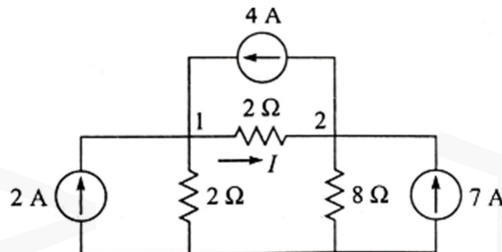
Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks*

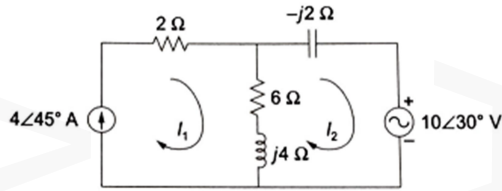
- | | Marks |
|--|-------|
| 1 Explain super mesh analysis | (3) |
| 2 Differentiate ideal and practical voltage sources. | (3) |
| 3 State Reciprocity theorem | (3) |
| 4 What is the significance of Superposition theorem? | (3) |
| 5 State initial value and final value theorem | (3) |
| 6 Find expression for current when an unit impulse is given to a series RC circuit. | (3) |
| 7 Is $\alpha_{12} = \frac{2s^2 + 5s + 1}{s + 7}$ a valid function? Justify. | (3) |
| 8 What do you mean by open circuit natural frequency and short circuit natural frequency? | (3) |
| 9 What are image parameters? | (3) |
| 10 The impedance parameters of a two-port network are $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$. Find its admittance parameters. | (3) |

PART B*Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 marks***Module 1**

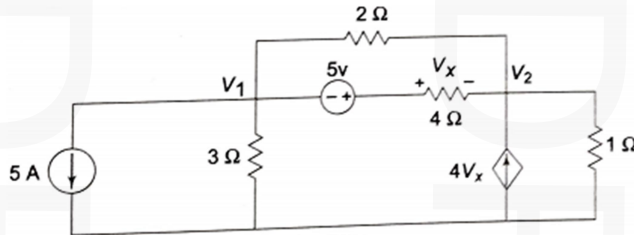
- 11 a) Find I in the network shown using nodal analysis (7)



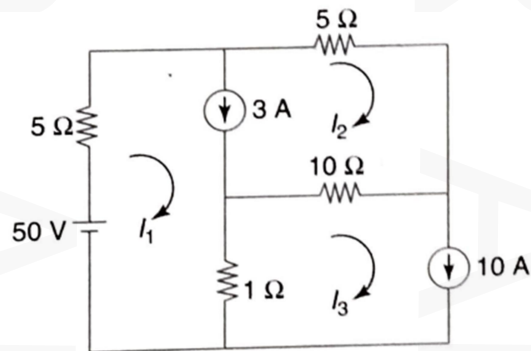
- b) Find voltage across 6Ω resistor using mesh analysis (7)



12 a) Find voltage across 4Ω resistor using nodal analysis (7)

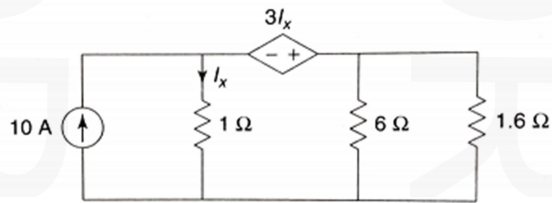


b) Determine current through 10Ω resistor using mesh analysis

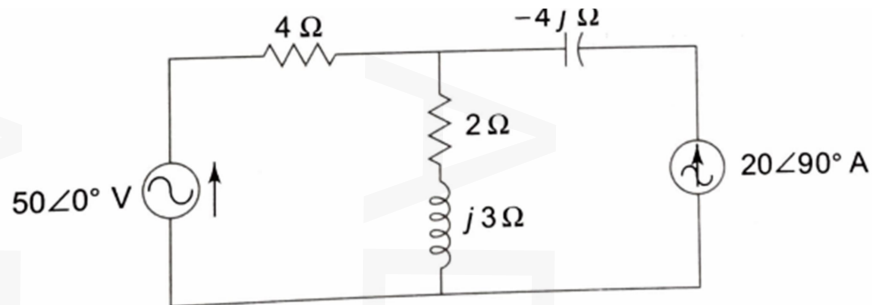


Module 2

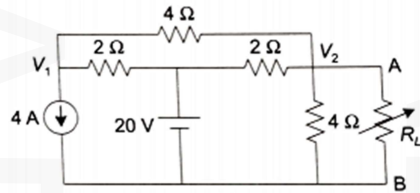
13 a) Find current through 1.6Ω resistor using Thevenin's Theorem (7)



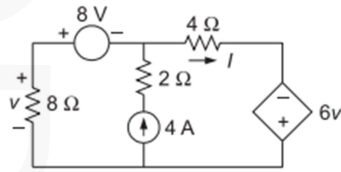
b) Determine current in $(2 + j3)\Omega$ impedance using superposition theorem (7)



- 14 a) Find value of R_L for maximum power transfer. Also find the maximum power transferred. (7)

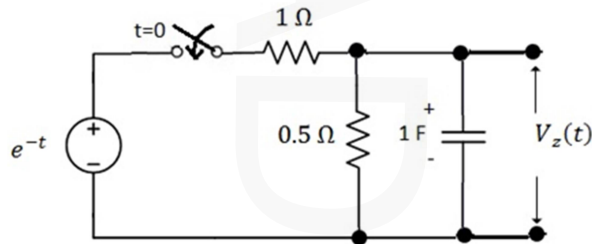


- b) Determine current through 4Ω resistor using superposition theorem. (7)

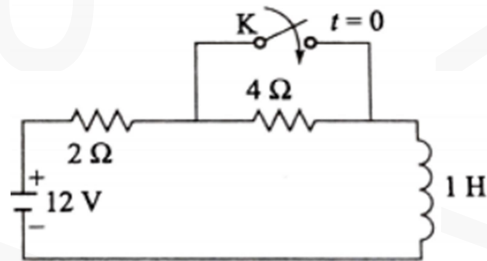


Module 3

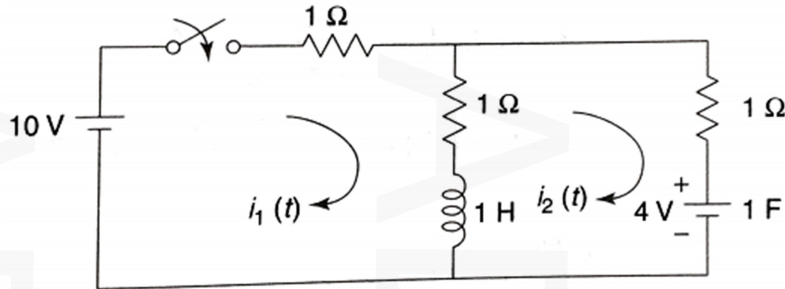
- 15 a) In the circuit, the switch is closed at $t = 0$, connecting a source e^{-t} to the RC circuit. At time $t = 0$, it is observed that capacitor voltage has the value $V_c(0) = 0.5V$. For the element values given, determine $V_z(t)$ after converting the circuit into transformed domain. (8)



- b) Determine current flowing through the circuit shown for $t \geq 0$ (6)



- 16 a) Find the expression for current through a series RL circuit when a pulse input of width T and amplitude A is applied across it (6)
- b) For the circuit shown switch is closed at $t = 0$. Find currents $i_1(t)$ and $i_2(t)$ if initial current through inductor is zero and initial voltage on capacitor is $4V$ (8)

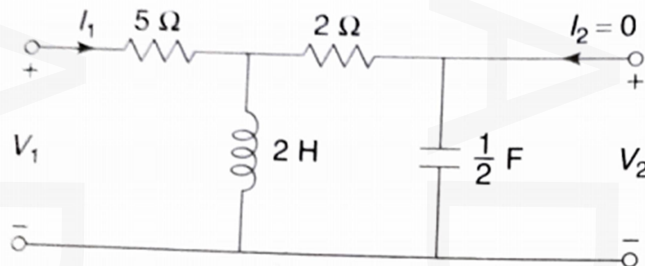


Module 4

- 17 a) Obtain the time domain response of the given function using pole zero diagram (8)

$$V(s) = \frac{(s+2)(s+6)}{(s+1)(s+5)}$$

- b) Explain the significance of poles and zeros with reference to driving point functions and transfer functions. (6)
- 18 a) What are the necessary conditions for transfer function? (6)
- b) Determine driving point impedance $Z_{11}(s)$, transfer impedance $Z_{21}(s)$ and voltage transfer ratio $G_{21}(s)$ for the network shown (8)



Module 5

- 19 a) Derive the conditions for reciprocity and symmetry for Z parameters and for ABCD parameters. (8)
- b) Express g parameters in terms of h parameters and T parameters. (6)
- 20 a) Show that when two 2 port networks are connected in parallel, the resultant Y matrix is the sum of Y matrices of each individual network. (6)
- b) Obtain short circuit admittance parameters of the circuit shown. (8)

