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Reg No.:_____ Name:____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Seventh semester B.Tech examinations (S), September 2020

Course Code: EC409

Course Name: CONTROL SYSTEMS

Max. Marks: 100

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

(5)

1 a) Compare open loop and closed loop system with suitable examples.

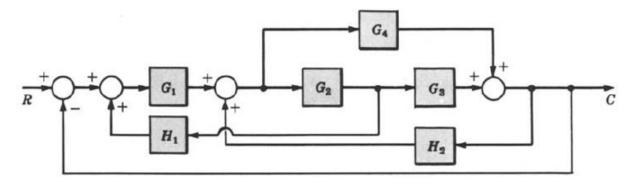
(10)

Duration: 3 Hours

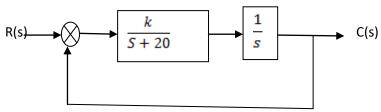
- b) Find the transfer function using Mason's gain equation
 - RCS) G1 2 G2 G3 G4 5 (CS)

 -H2 G16

 -H3
- 2 a) Determine the rise time, peak time, settling time and peak overshoot of a second order control system subjected to a unit step input. The damping ratio = 0.5 and undamped natural frequency $w_n = 6 \ rad/sec$.
 - b) Derive an expression for rise time of a second order system. (5)
 - c) Derive an expression for time response of a second order under damped system to step input. (5)
- 3 a) Find the transfer function of the given system using block reduction technique (10)



b) The block diagram of a unity feedback (negative) system is shown in figure. Determine the steady state error for unit ramp input when K=400. Also determine the value of K for which the steady state error to unit ramp will be 0.02



PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) Comment on the stability of the system whose characteristic equation is given by (5) $s^5+2s^4+3s^3+6s^2+2s+1=0$.
 - b) A unity feedback control system has an open loop transfer function G(s)=K(s+9)/s(s+3)(s+5). Sketch the root locus. (10)
- 5 a) Compare PI,PD and PID controllers. (5)
 - b) Sketch the bode plot for the following transfer function and determine phase margin and gain (10) margin. $G(s) = \frac{75(1+0.2s)}{s(s^2+16s+100)}$.
- 6 a) Draw the Nyquist plot for the system whose open loop transfer function is $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$. Determine the range of K for which the closed loop system is stable.
 - b) Describe the design procedure of a lag compensator.

PART (

(7)

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

7 a) A linear system representation in state space is given as (5)

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r$$
$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply Kalman's test to find whether the system is completely observable.

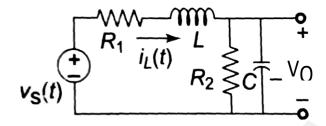
- b) A system is represented by the differential equation y''+3y'+2y = r''+2r'+2r. Obtain a state (7) model in controllable canonical form. Draw the state diagram.
- c) Obtain the state model for the given transfer function (8)

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + s + 1}$$

8 a) Explain the procedure of jury test. (5)

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- b) The input-output relation of a sampled data system is described by the equation c(k+2) + 3c(k+1) + 4c(k) = r(k+1) r(k). Determine the z-transfer function. (7)
- c) Determine the state transition matrix of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ (8)
- 9 a) An electrical network is shown in fig. a Select asset of proper state variables and write down a state equation, in physical-variable form, to represent the system (10)



b) For the sampled data control system shown if Fig, find the response to unit step input where (10)